# **RETRACTION NOTE**

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# Retraction Note to: Excessive mitochondrial fragmentation triggered by erlotinib promotes pancreatic cancer PANC-1 cell apoptosis via activating the mROS-HtrA2/Omi pathways

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# Retraction to: Cancer Cell Int (2018) 18:165 https://doi.org/10.1186/s12935-018-0665-1

The authors have retracted this article [1] because Figure 4a has been duplicated from Figure 5d in a previously published article [2]. In addition, the article contains sections that substantially overlap with the following articles (amongst others) [3–5]. The data reported in this article are therefore unreliable. Author Hong Ke stated on behalf of all co-authors that they agree to this retraction.

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1. Wan J, Cui J, Wang L, et al. Excessive mitochondrial fragmentation triggered by erlotinib promotes pancreatic cancer PANC-1 cell apoptosis via activating the mROS-HtrA2/Omi pathways. Cancer Cell Int. 2018;18:165. https://doi.org/10.1186/s12935-018-0665-1.

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