CORRECTION Open Access

Check for updates

Correction to: Melatonin and urological cancers: a new therapeutic approach

Mohammad Hossein Pourhanifeh¹, Azam Hosseinzadeh², Kobra Bahrampour Juybari³ and Saeed Mehrzadi^{2*}

Correction to: Cancer Cell Int 20:444 (2020)

https://doi.org/10.1186/s12935-020-01531

Following publication of the original article [1], we were notified of a mistake in the spelling of the first author.

- Incorrect spelling: Mohammad Hossein Mehrzadi
- · Correct spelling: Mohammad Hossein Pourhanifeh

The original article has been corrected.

Author details

¹ Research Center for Biochemistry and Nutrition in Metabolic Diseases, Kashan University of Medical Sciences, Kashan, Iran. ² Razi Drug Research, Center, Iran University of Medical Sciences, Tehran, Iran. ³ Department of Pharmacology, School of Medicine, Semnan University of Medical Sciences, Semnan, Iran.

Published online: 28 September 2020

Reference

 Pourhanifeh MH, Hosseinzadeh A, Juybari KB, Mehrzadi S. Melatonin and urological cancers: a new therapeutic approach. Cancer Cell Int. 2020;20:444. https://doi.org/10.1186/s12935-020-01531-1.

Publisher's Note

Springer Nature remains neutral with regard to jurisdictional claims in published maps and institutional affiliations.

The original article can be found online at https://doi.org/10.1186/s1293 5-020-01531-1.

Full list of author information is available at the end of the article



© The Author(s) 2020. This article is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License, which permits use, sharing, adaptation, distribution and reproduction in any medium or format, as long as you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons licence, and indicate if changes were made. The images or other third party material in this article are included in the article's Creative Commons licence, unless indicated otherwise in a credit line to the material. If material is not included in the article's Creative Commons licence and your intended use is not permitted by statutory regulation or exceeds the permitted use, you will need to obtain permission directly from the copyright holder. To view a copy of this licence, visit http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/. The Creative Commons Public Domain Dedication waiver (http://creativecommons.org/publicdomain/zero/1.0/) applies to the data made available in this article, unless otherwise stated in a credit line to the data.

^{*}Correspondence: Sa_mehrzadi@yahoo.com; mehrzadi.s@iums.ac.ir ² Razi Drug Research, Center, Iran University of Medical Sciences, Tehran, Iran